

**In the Claims:**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Canceled)
2. (Previously Presented) The memory according to claim 3, in which said array configuration circuit includes, for each sub-array of memory elements, an input selector associated with a first memory element of the sub-array, for selectively feeding the first memory element with either an output of a last memory element in an adjacent previous sub-array, in the first operating configuration, or an output of a last memory element of the sub-array, in the second operating configuration.
3. (Previously Presented) A memory comprising:
  - at least one array of memory elements;
  - a partition of the at least one array into a plurality of sub-arrays of the memory elements;
  - an array configuration circuit for selectively placing the at least one array in one of two operating configurations, the two operating configurations including:
    - a first operating configuration, in which the memory elements of the at least one array are coupled one to another to form a monodimensional sequentially-accessible memory, and
    - a second operating configuration, in which the memory elements in each sub-array are coupled to one another so as to form an independent monodimensional sequentially-accessible memory block, the memory blocks of each sub-array being isolated from the memory blocks of the other sub-arrays, and a data content of any memory element of the sub-array being rotatable by shifts through the memory elements of the sub-array;

a sub-array selector, responsive to a first memory address, for selecting one among the plurality of sub-arrays according to the first memory address, the sub-array selector enabling access to the selected sub-array;

a memory element access circuit, responsive to a second memory address, for enabling access to a prescribed memory element in the selected sub-array after a prescribed number of shifts, depending on the second memory address, of the data content of the memory elements in the selected sub-array;

wherein the first operating configuration is a data storage configuration in which the memory is placed when data are to be stored therein; and

wherein the second operating configuration is a data retrieval configuration in which the memory is placed when data are to be retrieved therefrom.

4. (Previously Presented) The memory according to claim 3, in which in the second operating configuration each sub-array provides a respective output data, the sub-array selector selecting one sub-array output data out of the output data provided by the plurality of sub-arrays, according to the first address.

5. (Original) The memory according to claim 4, in which said memory element access circuit enables a transfer of the output data of the selected sub-array to a memory output after a prescribed number of shifts of the data content of the memory elements in the selected sub-array.

6. (Original) The memory according to claim 5, in which said memory element access circuit includes a counter for counting the number of data content shifts, and a coincidence detector detecting coincidence between a counter value and a value representative of the second address, the coincidence detector enabling the transfer of the output data of the selected sub-array to the memory output when the counter value equals the value representative of the second address.

7. (Previously Presented) The memory according to claim 3, in which each memory element includes at least one flip-flop.

8. (Currently amended) A memory, comprising:  
a plurality of memory locations; and  
a control circuit coupled to the memory locations and operable to:  
during a read operation to configure the memory locations for provide random  
access only to the memory locations responsive to a read operation;  
and  
during a write operation to configure the memory locations for provide  
sequential access only to the memory locations responsive to a write  
operation.

9. (Currently amended) The memory of claim 8 wherein the control  
circuit is operable during the write operation to configure the memory locations  
provides sequential access to the memory locations during the write operation so that  
the memory functions as a first-in-first-out storage location memory.

10-11. (Canceled)

12. (Currently amended) A memory, comprising:  
an array of memory locations; and  
a control circuit coupled to the array and operable to cause the array to operate as:  
a random-access memory during all read operations; and  
a first-in-first-out memory during all write operations;  
wherein: the memory locations comprise rings of serially coupled memory locations  
each having a respective contents, with the contents of each ring being  
independent of the contents of the other rings; and

wherein during the read ~~first~~ mode of operation, the control circuit is operable to  
control each of the rings; ~~to~~  
to receive a clock signal,  
to shift the contents of each respective memory location in the ring to a  
respective next memory location in the ring once per cycle of the clock  
signal, and  
to allow access to one of the memory locations during a predetermined cycle of  
the clock signal.

13. (Currently amended) The memory of claim 12 wherein:  
the memory locations comprise a ring of a number  $n$  of serially coupled memory  
locations each having a respective contents; and  
during the read mode of operation, the control circuit is operable; ~~to~~  
to receive a clock signal,  
to shift the contents of each respective memory location in the ring to a  
respective next memory location in the ring once per cycle of the clock  
signal for  $n$  clock cycles, and  
to allow access to a predetermined one of the memory locations during a  
predetermined cycle of the clock signal.

14. (Currently amended) An electronic system, comprising:  
a memory, comprising;  
a plurality of memory locations; and  
a control circuit coupled to the memory locations and operable ~~to~~  
during a read operation to configure the memory locations for random  
access; and  
during a write operation to configure the memory locations for sequential  
access via a single one of the memory locations only ~~for random~~

~~access to the memory locations responsive to a read operation;  
and  
force sequential access to the contents of the memory locations via one  
of the memory locations responsive to a write operation.~~

15. (Currently amended) A method, comprising:  
~~during one of a read mode and a write mode of operation, configuring randomly  
accessing memory locations of a memory for random access only during either  
a read mode or a write mode of operation; and  
during the other of the read mode and the write mode of operation, configuring  
sequentially accessing the memory locations for sequential access only via one  
of the memory locations during the read or write mode of operation, wherein the  
sequential accessing occurs during the alternate mode of operation as does the  
randomly accessing.~~

16. (Currently amended) The method of claim 15, ~~further comprising,  
during the one of the read mode and the write mode of operation: wherein randomly  
accessing the memory locations comprises:  
accessing a first memory location with having a first address that corresponds to the  
first memory location; and  
accessing a second memory location with having a second address that corresponds  
to the second memory location.~~

17. (Currently amended) The method of claim 15, ~~further comprising:  
wherein the other of the read mode and write mode of operation comprises the read  
mode of operation; and  
during the read mode of operation wherein sequentially accessing the memory  
locations comprises:  
reading first data from a first memory location;~~

shifting second data from a second memory location into the first memory location; and  
reading the second data from the first memory location.

18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 15, further comprising:  
wherein the other of the read mode and write mode of operation comprises the write  
mode of operation; and  
during the write mode of operation ~~wherein sequentially accessing the memory~~  
~~locations comprises:~~  
writing first data to a first memory location;  
shifting the first data from the first memory location to a second memory location; and  
writing second data to the first memory location.

19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 15, further comprising,  
during the one of the read mode and the write mode of operation; ~~wherein randomly~~  
~~accessing the memory locations comprises:~~  
shifting the contents of each respective memory location to a respective next memory location a number of times; and  
accessing a predetermined one of the memory locations after a predetermined one of the shifts.

20. (Currently amended) The method of claim 15, further comprising,  
during the one of the read mode and the write mode of operation ~~wherein randomly~~  
~~accessing the memory locations comprises:~~  
shifting the contents of each of  $n$  ones of the respective memory locations to a respective next one of the  $n$  memory locations  $n$  times; and  
accessing a predetermined one of the  $n$  memory locations after a predetermined one of the  $n$  shifts.